

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

In the state of New York, the product must only be used by commercial applicators at no more than 294 lbs of Dimension 0.17% FG per acre per year (0.5 lb dithiopyr/acre/year). In Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York, do not exceed 147 lb of Dimension 0.17% FG per acre per year (0.25 lb dithiopyr/acre/year)

It is a violation of law in Pennsylvania, Maryland, New Hampshire, and New Jersey to apply this product to turf at a rate that results in greater than 0.7 lb per 1,000 sq.ft. of readily available nitrogen or more than 0.9 lb per 1,000 sq.ft. of total nitrogen with a least 20% of which shall consist of slow release nitrogen per application. Additional restrictions apply to total nitrogen applied to turf per season. Other state and local restrictions may apply.

Florida Applications: Do not exceed 6 applications per year on bermudagrass in the south. Do not apply more than 294 lb (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre (6.8 lb per 1000 sq ft) per application or more than 882 lb (1.5 lb active ingredient) per acre (20.4 lb per 1000 sq ft) per year if using split or sequential applications.

Do not apply near water storm drains or drainage ditches. Do not apply if heavy rain is expected. Apply this product only to your lawn, and sweep any product that lands on the driveway, sidewalk, or street back onto your lawn and garden. [Maryland Applications]

No more than 0.7 lb per 1,000 sq.ft. of readily available nitrogen during any given 30 day period. No more than 0.9 lb (cool season grasses) or 1.0 lb (warm season grasses) per 1,000 sq.ft. of total nitrogen with a least 20% of which shall consist of slow release nitrogen during any given 30 day period.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS **CAUTION**

Causes Eve Irritation • Harmful If Inhaled

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling this material may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

FIRST AID

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Hot Line Number: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 day or night, for emergency treatment or general product information

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and highly toxic to other aquatic organisms including oysters and shrimp. Use with care when applying to turf areas adjacent to any body of water. Drift and runoff from treated turf may adversely affect aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Non-target Organism Advisory: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

and broadleaf weeds in ornamental landscape areas, established lawns and ornamental turf, Groundwater Advisory: This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

> Surface Water Advisory: This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for

Refer to back of bag for Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of Directions for Use. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 888-208-1368.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store this product only in its original container in a dry, cool, secured storage area.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed must be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment, then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Herbicide Resistance Management

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide based upon the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay development of herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps.

- Alternate use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides with other products with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds.
- This product can be tank mixed or used sequentially with other approved products to broaden the spectrum of weed control, provide multiple modes of action, and control weeds that this product does not control.
- Use herbicides based on an IPM program.
- · Monitor treated areas and control escaped weeds.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- For more information or to report suspected resistance, contact your extension specialist or contact a customer service representative at

Use Directions for Turf

This product provides season-long control of crabgrass and control or suppression of other listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in established lawns and ornamental turfs, including golf course fairways, roughs, and tee boxes. When used according to label directions, this product will not harm nearby established ornamentals identified as "Tolerant Ornamentals" elsewhere in this label.

Use Precautions for Turf

This product may be used on seeded, sodded, or sprigged lawns and ornamental turfs that are well-established. Initial application of this product should be made only after turfgrasses have developed a vigorous root system, a uniform stand, and have received at least two mowings following seeding, sodding, or sprigging. Use of this product on turfgrasses that are not well-established, or weakened by stress from weather, pests, disease, chemical, or mechanical influences, may increase the chances of turf injury.

Precautions for Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging

- Reseeding, overseeding, or sprigging of areas treated with this product within 10 weeks after a single application of this product or within 16 weeks after a split application program totaling
- 6.8 lb/1000 sq ft (0.5 lb active ingredient per acre) or more may inhibit the establishment of desirable turfgrasses
- When reseeding or overseeding, follow established cultural practices for seedbed preparation, seeding, irrigation and fertilization.
- For best overseeding results, use mechanical or power seeding equipment (slit seeders) designed to provide good contact between soil and seed.

Precautions for Control of Crabgrass

Early postemergence weed control with this product is limited to crabgrass. Postemergence application effectively controls crabgrass, but only if application is made prior to the 3-leaf stage of growth or first tiller. For best results, cultural practices that disturb the soil, such as core-, spike-, or hydro-aerification, and verticutting, should be done before application of this product.

Use Restrictions

- Do not use clippings from treated turf for mulching around vegetables or fruit trees.
- Do not allow people or pets to enter treated area until dust has settled.
- Do not graze livestock or feed forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product until turfgrass has recovered from the mechanical injury caused by these cultural practices.

Apply this product only to turfgrass species listed on this label. The following turfgrass species are tolerant to this product when applied as directed:

Cool-Season Grasses		Warm-Season Grasses	
bentgrass, creeping †	Agrostis palustris	bahiagrass	Paspalum notatum
bluegrass, Kentucky	Poa pratensis	bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon
fescue, fine ††	Festuca rubra	buffalograss †††	Buchloe dactyloides
fescue, tall	Festuca arundinacea	carpetgrass	Axonopus affinis
ryegrass, perennial	Lolium perenne	centipedegrass	Eremochloa ophiuroides
		kikuyugrass	Pennisetum clandestinum
		St. Augustinegrass	Stenotaphrum secundatum
		zoysiagrass	Zoysia japonica

† Suppression only

† Use of this product on certain varieties of creeping bentgrass, such as 'cohansey', 'carmen', seaside', and 'Washington' may result in undesirable turfgrass injury. Not all varieties of creeping bentgrass have been tested. Do not apply this product to colonial bentgrass (Agrostis tenuis).

†† Use of this product on certain varieties of fine fescue may result in undesirable turf injury. The following fine fescue varieties have been found to be sensitive to this product: 'atlanta', 'banner', 'beauty', 'bilgart', 'CF-2', 'enjoy', 'HF-93', 'highlight', 'ivalo', 'Jamestown', 'koket', 'majenta', 'mary', pennlawn', 'tamara', 'tatjana', 'waldorf', and 'Waldina'. Not all varieties of fine fescue have been tested.

††† Do not use this product on seedling buffalograss in the spring of the first year of establishment until the turfgrass is fully green and has established new roots.

Distributed by:

Lebanon Seaboard Corporation 1600 E. Cumberland St. • Lebanon, PA 17042 800-233-0628 • (717) 273-1685

NET WEIGHT LBS. (22.7 Kg)



FERTILIZER with Dimension® 0.17% FG

Turf and Ornamental Herbicide

Total Nitrogen (N) 15% 2.0% Ammoniacal Nitrogen

1.3% Water Insoluble Nitrogen*

9.6% Urea Nitrogen 2.1% Other Water Soluble Nitrogen*

Soluble Potash (K2O).....

Derived From: Urea, methylene ureas, muriate of potash.

*3.4% slowly available nitrogen from methylene urea.

Chlorine (CI) not more than ..

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at: http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/egov/is/fert/ http://www.oda.state.or.us/dbs/heavy_metal/search.lasso http://www.agr.wa.gov/PestFert/Fertilizers/ProductDatabase.aspx

Calibration Settings at Specified Rate					
Spreader	3.4 lbs. /1,000 FT ²	5.1 lbs. /1,000 FT ²	6.8 lbs. /1,000 FT ²		
LebanonTurf	41/2	51/4	6		
Andersons AccuPro	L	0	R		
Earthway Rotary	151/2	18	22		
Gandy	27	30	34		
Lelv	5½ II	6½ II	7½ Ⅱ		
Lesco (letter/Numeric)	i/17	J/21	L/24		
PennMulch HVO	M	0	R		
ProScape SS	M	Ô	R		
Spyker	4½	51/4	6		
Vicon (all models)	25	29	33		

These settings were calibrated and field tested. However, age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.

including golf course fairways, roughs and tee boxes.

For season-long control of crabgrass and control or suppression of listed annual grasses

EPA Reg. No. 62719-485-961 EPA Est. No. 961-PA-01:961-IL-01 Superscript used is first letter of lot number. This product contains 0.085 pound of the active ingredient dithiopyr per 50 pound bag Dimension is a ®Trademarks of Corteva Agriscience and its affiliated companies.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: dithiopyr: 3,5- pyridinedicarbothioic acid,2-(difluoromethyl)- 4-(2-methylpropyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-S, 0.17% S-dimethyl ester OTHER INGREDIENTS: 99.83% 100.00%

- . Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for
- For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

Note: It is not possible to evaluate all turfgrass varieties for tolerance to this product. It is suggested that the user evaluate the response of turfgrass varieties not listed on this label on a limited area, at specified use rates, prior to initiating large-scale use.

Application Directions for Turf

Apply Dimension® 0.17% FG turf and ornamental herbicide with equipment that provides a uniform particle distribution. Calibrate application equipment prior to usage. Avoid streaking, skips, or excessoverlaps during

Preemergence Application Rates, Frequency and Timing

For preemergence grass and broadleaf weed control, apply Dimension® 0.17% FG turf and ornamental herbicide as single or sequential application at 147 to 294 pounds (0.25 to 0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre. Applicators may choose to make a single application or sequential applications at 147 to 294 pounds per acre at 5 to 10 week intervals based on one or more of the factors listed below. Avoid streaking, skips, or excess

- Length of residual weed control desired
 Height of turf (lower cut turf may require higher use rates)
- History and success of weed control at the application site (use higher listed application rates if herbicide treatment history is unknown or weed control was poor with previous applications)
- Exposure to high temperatures and heavy rainfall or irrigation (this will shorten the residual preemergence
- · On turf sites adjacent to hard surfaces including driveways, sidewalks and parking lots where residual activity may be reduced
- Some target weed species (such as but not limited to Poa annua, goosegrass and sandbur) will require higher use rates

Tips for Improved Weed Control

- For best results, apply this product within a few days after mowing and delay mowing again for a few days after the
- The turf herbicide and fertilizer components in this product are not effective until activated by rainfall or irrigation. Performance is improved if application is followed by 1/2 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation. Erratic weed control may result if not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days after application.

Maximum Use Rates (Applies to all Turfgrass Uses)

- Do not apply more than 294 lb (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre (6.8 lb per 1000 sq ft) per application. Do not apply more than 6 times a year and do not apply more than 882 lb (1.5 lb active ingredient) per acre (20.4 lb per 1000 sq ft) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- To minimize the potential for turfgrass injury, do not make applications within five weeks of the previous
- In the state of New York, the product must only be used by commercial applicators at no more than 294 lbs of Dimension 0.17% FG per acre per year (0. 5 lb dithiopyr/acre/year). In Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York, do not exceed 147 lb of Dimension 0.17% FG per acre per year (0.25 lb dithiopyr/acre/year)

Control of Craborass

Preemergence and Early Postemergence Applications from Late Winter through Summer

- This product provides "preemergence" control of crabgrass in established turfgrasses (including the large, smooth, and southern species) when applied prior to germination and emergence of crabgrass at use rates from 147 to 294 pounds (0.25 to 0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre.
- This product also provides "early postemergence" control of crabgrass if applied in late spring or early summer prior to the 3-leaf stage of growth or first tiller as described below. This stage of growth generally corresponds to the time when crabgrass seedlings first become visible in the established turfgrass. The practical benefit of early postemergence crabgrass control is a 2 - 4-week longer period of time (window of application) during which crabgrass control can be achieved

Fall Applications

This product can also be applied in the late summer through early fall (late August through November) at use rates from 147 to 294 pounds per acre to provide control of crabgrass through the early part of the next spring. Fall application of this product may be followed by an appropriately timed application in the following spring for season-long control of crabgrass.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Spring Applications

When applied preemergence (prior to germination) for control of crabgrass in the spring, this product will also control or suppress the following weeds

Grasses		Broadleaf Weeds		
barley	Hordeum spp.	bittercress †	Cardamine spp.	
barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	
bluegrass, annual	Poa annua	chickweed †	Stellaria spp.	
brome	Bromus spp.	geranium, Carolina †	Geranium carolinianum	
crabgrass, large	Digitaria sanguinalis	henbit	Lamium spp.	
crabgrass, smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	knotweed, prostrate	Polygonum aviculare	
crabgrass, Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	lespedeza, common †	Lespedeza striata	
crowfootgrass †	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	marestail	Conyza canadensis	
dallisgrass (seedling)	Paspalum dilatatum	medic, black	Medicago lupulina	
goosegrass	Eleusine indica	mustard	Brassica spp.	
foxtail, green	Setaria verdi	oxalis, buttercup	Oxalis pes-caprae	
foxtail, yellow	Setaria faberi	pineappleweed †	Matricaria matricarioides	
kikuyugrass †	Pennisetum clandestinum	pigweed, redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	
oats, wild	Avena fatua	parsley-piert †	Alchemilla arvensis	
ryegrass (annual & perennial)	Lolium spp.	purslane, common	Portulaca oleracea	
sandbur	Cenchrus spp.	rocket, London	Sisymbrium irio	
smutgrass	Sporobolus indicus	shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	
		speedwell, corn †	Veronica arvensis	
		spurge, garden	Euphorbia hirta	
		spurge, prostrate	Euphorbia humistrata	
		spurge, spotted	Euphorbia maculata	
		woodsorrel, creeping	Oxalis corniculata	
		woodsorrel, yellow	Oxalis stricta	

Fall Applications

When applied preemergence (prior to germination) in late summer through early fall (late August through November) this product will control or suppress the following weeds in addition to providing preemergence control of crabarass in the following spring.

bluegrass, annual	Poa annua
bittercress	Cardamine spp.
chickweed	Stellaria spp.
henbit	Lamium spp.
geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum
parsley-piert	Alchemilla arvensis
pineappleweed	Matricaria matricarioides
shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris

Application Instructions and Equipment

This product may be applied with drop or rotary-type spreaders designed to apply granular herbicides. For best results, apply this product evenly and uniformly avoiding streaking, skips or overlaps. Avoid the use of spreaders that tend to apply granules in narrow rows or concentrated bands. Calibrate the spreader according to the manufacturer's directions. Initial spreader settings may require adjustment to deliver the specified application rate under actual application conditions. The desired calibration setting may be marked or recorded for future reference. Apply this product uniformly over the treatment area. More uniformity of application can usually be achieved by applying one-half of the required amount of product over the treatment area and then applying the remaining one-half in a different direction (e.g., at a right angle to the previous direction). Avoid streaking, skips, or overlaps during application.

Check equipment frequently to verify calibration and proper functioning.

Use Directions for Landscape Ornamentals

Dimension 0.17% FG provides preemergence control or suppression of listed annual grass and broadleaf weeds in plantings of ornamental plants listed on this label. This product may be applied in ornamental gardens, parks, golf courses and residential areas where ornamental plants are grown for aesthetic purposes. Apply this product with a properly calibrated spreader that will provide uniform particle distribution. Follow instructions in the "Application Instructions and Equipment" section above.

Use Rates

This product may be applied as a single application or split application. Split or sequential applications may be used to provide improved weed control or to provide extended weed control in areas with long growing seasons. To make a split application, divide the rate in the following table into separate applications made 5-10 weeks apart. Sequential applications may be made in the late summer following a spring application or in the spring after a fall application, provided maximum application rates per year given below are not exceeded.

		. ,		
294	6.8	0.68 (10.9 oz)		
Pounds of Product/Acre	Pounds of Product/1000 sq ft	Pounds of Product/100 sq ft †		

† Rate based on an area of 100 sq ft for treatment of small areas.

Maximum Use Rates

- Do not apply more than 294 lb (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre (6.8 lb per 1000 sq ft) per application.
- Do not apply more than 6 times per year and do not apply more than 882 lb (1.5 lb active ingredient) per acre (20.4 lb per 1000 sq ft) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- To minimize the potential for plant injury, do not make additional applications within five weeks of the previous application.
- In the state of New York, the product must only be used by commercial applicators at no more than 294 lbs of Dimension 0.17% FG per acre per year (0.5 lb dithiopyr/acre/year). In Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York, do not exceed 147 lb of Dimension 0.17% FG per acre per year (0.25 lb

Application Timing and Instructions

Dimension 0.17% FG is effective as a preemergence herbicide but will not control established weeds. Applications to mulched areas or bare ground must be made prior to weed seed germination. The best weed control is obtained when applied to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves. Existing weedy vegetation may be controlled by hand weeding, cultivation or using postemergence herbicides prior to application.

Tips for Improved Weed Control

- The herbicide and fertilizer components in this product are not effective until activated by rainfall or irrigation. Performance is improved if application is followed by 1/2 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation. Erratic weed control may result if not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days after application.
- Avoid disturbance of treated areas. Loss of weed control may result if the treated soil surface is disturbed by soil mixing or tillage.

• To avoid foliar damage to ornamentals, irrigate immediately after application to remove any herbicide granules adhering to foliage.

Use Restrictions

- Do not apply this product directly to bare roots of ornamental plants as injury may result.
- Do not incorporate this product into soil. Dilution of active ingredient and possible injury to plant roots
- Do not apply to soil around ornamental plants that are under stress resulting from drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, winter injury, injury from previously applied pesticides, or damage due to insects, nematodes or disease.
- Do not apply under conditions that would affect uniformity of application or distribution on the soil surface. Uneven product distribution will result in uneven weed control. Application under windy conditions can result in uneven distribution or cause herbicide granules to drift from the intended treatment area.
- Apply this product only to established ornamentals.
- Do not use on food producing trees and ornamentals.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Used as directed, Dimension 0.17% FG will control crabgrass and control or suppress other listed grass and broadleaf weeds when applied prior to their germination. Refer to "Use Directions for Turf" section fo a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed. This product will not control established broadleaf weeds or grasses, except for crabgrass in early stages of development. The area to be treated should be free of weeds prior to application.

Tolerant Ornamentals

The ornamentals listed below have shown tolerance to this product when applied according to directions in this label. However, this product has not been tested on all ornamental species, all cultivars of species on this label, or under all possible growing conditions. For species or cultivars not listed only treat a few plants in a limited area and observe for tolerance under local growing conditions prior to large-scale use.

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
abelia, dwarf	Abelia X grandiflora	nana
ajuga	Ajuga reptans	bronze
	Ajuga genevensis	bronze beauty
almond, flowering	Prunus gladulosa	
apple †	Malus pumila	
arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	nigra pyramidalis smaragh techny woodwardii
arborvitae, golden	Thuja orientalis	

ardenia

heather, twisted

nemlock, Canada

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars	Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars	Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
aster, Chinese	Callistephus chinensis	dwarf queen	holly	llex spp.	blue boy	pine, mugo	Pinus mugho	. U.U. GIR GURUNGIO
ash, green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica		· ·		blue girl	pine, Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	
ash, mountain	Sorbus aucuparia			Ilex X meserveae	burfodii China girl	pine, slash pine, Swiss mt.	Pînus elliottii Pinus mugo	
ash, purple azalea	Fraxinus americana Rhododendron spp.	brilliant			compacta	pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana	
azaioa	Timododonaron opp.	buccaneer			forsteri	pine, white	Pinus strobus	
		carror			hellerie Japanese northern	pineapple, guava †	Feijoa sellowiana Pieris taiwanensis	
		chimes (Belgian) Elsie Lee			beauty	pittosporum, Japan	i ieris taiwarierisis	
		exbury			needlepoint	potentilla	Potentilla nepalensis	abbotswood
		fashion		Ilex X attenuata	Nellie R. Stevens Savannah	privet	Potentilla fruticosa Ligustrum japonicum	golden vicary
		hardijzer beauty hershey red	holly, Chinese	llex comuta	Savarillari	priver	Ligustrum japonicum	regal
		higasa	holly, Japanese	llex crenata				texanum
		hinocrimson Holland (hybrid)	holly, yaupon honeysuckle	Ilex vomitoria Lonicera japonica	claveyis dwarf			wax yellow tipped
		Marion Lee	Horicysuckie	Lonicera japonica	halliana	privet, glossy	Ligustrum lucidum	yonow upped
		northern lights			tatarian Canadian white	pyracantha	Pyracantha koldzumii	gnome
		orange cup orchid lights	hosta	Hosta spp.	zebelli red hosta albo marginata			lalandei victory
		snow	1100100	Hosta lancifolia	and manymata	queen palm	Arecastrum rammanzoffianum	
		southern charm	ice plant	Carpobrotus edulis		quince, Japanese †	Dhadadandran ann	allarina
azalea, flame azalea, kirishima	Rhododendron calendulaceum		impatiens iris	Impatiens spp. Iris spp.	dwarf blue	rhododendron	Rhododendron spp	album Cunningham white
bamboo, heavenly			ino	то орр.	wedgewood			fashion
barberry	Berberis thunbergii	aurea	ivy, English	Hedera helix	Bulgaria			hardy
		dwarf pigmy green	jasmine, Asian	Trachelospermum asiaticum	thorndale			pjm purple gem
		kobold	juniper	Juniperus spp.	arcadia			silvery pink
		pygmy red			armstrong	rhododendron, carolina rhododendron, catawba	Rhododendron carolinianum Rhododendron catawbiense	
barberry, purple		rose glow atropurpurea		Juniperus horizontalis	bar harbor blue chip	rockcress	Arabis spp.	snowcap
basket flower	Gaillardia grandiflora				blue pacific	rhodie max (rosebay)	Rhododendron maximum	
bearberry (common)	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Massachusetts			blue rug blue star	rose † rosemary †	Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis	luta
bee balm begonia	Monarda didyma Begonia spp.				broadmoor	rosemary, bog	Andromeda polifolia	nana
birch, river	Betula nigra				buffalo	salvia	Salvia farinacea	rhea
blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	goldstrum			Calgary carpet emerald sea	sedum	Sedum spurium	dragon blood red red carpet
blanket flower blueberry †	Gaillardia spp. Vaccinium spp.	bluecrop			emerald spreader			yellow
Sidobony	Тасолнал орр.	blue jay			endora compacta	snapdragon	Antirrhinum spp.	ľ
		jersey			fruitlandi	sourwood spiraea	Oxydendrum arboreum Astilbe X arendsii	fanall
		north blue northland			green gold tip	spiraea	Spiraea spp.	Anthony waterer red
bottlebrush	Callistemon citrinus				hetzi	· ·		dolchica
boxwood, Japanese boxwood, weller	Buxus sempervirens	japonica			hughes Manhattan blue			froebeli pink goldenflame red
broom	Cytisus spp.	moonlight			parsoni			snowmound white
	Genista pilosa	Vancouver gold			pfitzeriana	anivaga garland	Chirago ann	Van Houtte white
bugle carpet camellia	Camellia japonica	debutante			plumosa prince of Wales	spiraea, garland spruce, black hills	Spiraea spp. Picea glauca	
Carricilla	Carriellia japorlica	mathotiana supreme			procumbens dwarf	spruce, Colorado blue	Picea pungens	
	0 115	chansonette			San Jose	spruce, norway spruce, white	Picea abies	conica
candy tuft	Camellia sasanqua Iberis spp.	snow white			sargent blue sargent green	sweetflag, grassy-leaved	Picea glauca Acorus gramineus	COITICA
carex, variegated	Carex	SHOW WHILE			scandia	sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	
cedar, red	Juniperus virginiana				scopulorum moonglow	sycamore tree form (tild form)	Platanus occidentalis	
celosia centaura	Celosia spp. Centaurea montana				scopulorum skyrocket spartan	tree fern (tiki fern) trumpet flower, evening	Asparagus virgatus Gelsemium sempervirens	
cockscomb, plumosa	Celosia cristata	scarlet plumosa		Juniperus chinensis	tamariscifolia	tulip	Tulip, spp	apeldoorn
coleus	Coleus blumei	red kewpie		Juniperus sabina	weberi	verbena, shrub vervain	Lantana sellowiana Verbena spp.	St. Paul
columbine copper leaf	Aguilegia spp. Acalypha wilkesiana				youngstown yukon belle	viburnum	Viburnum spp.	American cranberry bush
coreopsis	Coreopsis spp.	moonbeam	king palm	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana				arrowwood
corn flower cotoneaster	Centaurea spp. Cotoneaster apiculatus		laurel, Australian laurel, mountain	Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia				common snowball European cranberry bush
coyotebrush	Baccharis pilularis		leucothoe	Leucothoe fontanesiana				linden
cycads	Cycads revoluta		ligustrum, Japanese	Ligustrum japonicum				Mohican
cypress, bald	Taxodium distichum Cupressus sempervirens	alauga	lily, African	Agapanthus africanus	albus Peter Pan	vinca (periwinkle)	Vinca minor	Wright
cypress, Italian cypress, Japanese false	Chamaecyparis obtusa	glauca gracilis	lily, African blue		i cici i ali	windmill palm	Trachycarpus fortunei	
cypress, leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	lily of the valley	Pieris japonica	Mt. Fire	xylosma	Xylosma congestum	
daffodil daylilly	Narcissus spp. Hemerocallis spp.	King Alfred aztec gold	lilyturf	Liriope muscari	evergreen giant lilac beauty	yarrow yaupon	Achillea spp. Ilex vomitoria	dwarf
dayiiiy	Tierrierocallis spp.	bright yellow (hybrid)			majestic	yew	Taxus cuspidata	denisiformis
		bright yellow (hybrid) single gold (evergreen) wilsonis yellow			monroe white	† Ornamental encoice entre	Taxus X media Do not use on food producing trees	and ornamentals
dianthus (sweet william)	Dianthus spp.	wilsonis yellow	liriope, green	Liriope spicata	variegata	Tomamental species only	. Do not use on lood producing trees	and omamentais.
delphinium	Delphinium spp.	magic fountain	maple, Japanese	Acer japonicum		Terms and Conditions of		
dogwood American	Cornus florida	· ·	maple, Norway	Acer platanoides Acer rubrum			Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Ris	
dogwood, American douglas fir	Cornus sericea Pseudotsuga menziesii	flavarimaea	maple, red † maple, silver	Acer rubrum Acer saccharinum	1		otable, return unopened package	
dusty miller	Senecio cineraria		maple sugar †	Acer saccharum	ļ		To the extent permitted by law, use of the terms under Warranty Discl	
elm, drake	Ulmus parvifolia	organica varianta	marigold	Tagetes patula	honeycomb variegata	Limitation of Remedies.	or the terms under warranty DISCI	anner, minerent nisks 0
euonymus	Euonymus fortunei	argenteo-variegata auereo-marginata			wheeleris dwarf	Warranty Disclaimer		
		colorata	mock orange †	Philadelphus spp	golden		product conforms to the chemical	I description on the lahe
		emerald gaiety emerald ën gold	mondo grass	Ophiopogon japonicus	snowflake double white		rposes stated on the label when u	
		gold edge	moss rose	Portulaca grandiflora	sunnyside	directions, subject to the	inherent risks set forth below. To	o the extent permitted b
		gold princess	myrtle, crape	Lagerstroemia indica	faurei	SELLER MAKES NO O	THER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED W	VARRANTY OF MERC
		silver king tricolor			langer muskogee		ARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY	OTHER EXPRESS OF
		vegetus		<u> </u>	standard pink	WARRANTY.		
fan palm, European	Chamaerops humilis		myrtle, wax	Myrica cerifera	Loomnocto	Inherent Risks of Use		
fan palm, Mexican fern (various)	Washingtonia robusta Asparagus spp.		nandina	Nandina domestica	compacta nana		ate all risks associated with use o	
fescue	Festuca glauca		narcissus	Narcissus spp.			nintended consequences may res abel instructions (including conditi	
fetterbush	Leucothoe fontanesiana	rainbow	oak, laurel	Quercus laurifolia			aberinstructions (including conditi e, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal (
ficus fir fraser	Ficus retusa Abies fraseri	nitidia	oak, pin oak, red	Quercus palustris Quercus rubra	-		ricanes), presence of other materi	
forsythia	Forsythia X intermedia	Arnold dwarf	oak, southern	Quercus virginiana			h are beyond the control of Seller.	
		bronxensis dwarf	oak, willow	Quercus phellos Nerium oleander	hardy red	such risks shall be assu		
1		lynwood gold meadowlark	oleander	ivenum dieander	petite pink	Limitation of Remedies		
1	Spring Glory	weeping		1	Sister Agnes	To the extent permitted	by law, the exclusive remedy for I	osses or damages resu

ation of for a full refund ny other user s of Use and

abel and is nce with the d by law RCHANTABILITY OR IMPLIED

iniury, lack of factors as use of el. such as excessive rainfall, oplication, or itted by law, all ich risks shall be assumed by Buver.

Limitation of Remedies

Barbara karst

Osteospermum fruticosui

Pachysandra terminalis

Cortaderia selloana

/iola x wittrockiana

Petunia X hvbrida

Photinia X fraser

Pieris japonica

Pinus palustris

Pinus thunbergiana

Pinus nigra

Bougainvillea glabra Prunus persica Vinca minor

weeping

radicans

cockspur white

crimson cloud

Washington white Mediterranean pin

enchantress

Jack Evans

blue bird

Gardenia iasminoides

Eucalyptus citriodora Crataegus spp.

Erica cinerea

Tsuga canadensis Hibiscus spp.

palm, bangalov

pampas grass

hotinia red tin

pine, Australian

pine, longlea

pine, Japanese black pine, loblolly

pansy paper flower

petunia

To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, tort, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Seller's election, one of the following

- Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent permitted by law, seller shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Seller is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. To the extent permitted by law, in no case shall Seller be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of the Seller or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.